ORDER VACATING BLANKET AUTHORIZATION

DOE/ERA ORDER NO. 260-A

DOE/ERA Order No. 260\(^1\), issued in ERA Docket No. 88-29-NG on July 27, 1988,\(^2\) granted blanket authorization to Premier Enterprises, Inc. (Premier) to import natural gas from Canada. On December 10, 2004, Premier requested DOE to vacate Order 260. Accordingly, pursuant to section 3 of the Natural Gas Act, the blanket authorization granted by Order 260, is hereby vacated, effective the date of this Order.

Issued in Washington, D.C. on February 8, 2005.

R. F. Corbin
Manager, Natural Gas Regulatory Activities
Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply
Office of Fossil Energy

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1/ 1 ERA ¶ 70,796.

2/ Authority now delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.
Beverly:

As you requested through my assistant, Kathleen Quinn, this e-mail is to authorize vacating of Order No. 304 for Coastal Gas Marketing Company and Order No. 260 for Premier Enterprises, Inc.

Doug
Cited as "1 ERA Para. 70,796"


DOE/ERA Opinion and Order No. 260

Order Granting Blanket Authorization to Import Natural Gas and Granting Interventions

I. Background

On May 6, 1988, Premier Enterprises, Inc. (Premier), filed an application with the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) of the Department of Energy (DOE), pursuant to Section 3 of the Natural Gas Act (NGA), for blanket authorization to import up to 73 Bcf of natural gas from Canada for domestic spot sales over a two-year period, beginning on the date of first delivery.

Premier, a Colorado corporation with its principal place of business in Englewood, Colorado, is a marketer of natural gas which contemplates importing the gas from a variety of Canadian suppliers. It will import either for its own account for resale to a range of domestic purchasers, including local distribution companies, pipelines and commercial and industrial end users, or as an agent on behalf of Canadian suppliers or U.S. purchasers. The specific terms of any import arrangements would be negotiated individually based on competition in the marketplace.

The ERA issued a notice of this application on June 6, 1988, inviting protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention, and comments to be filed by July 6, 1988.1/Motions to intervene without comments or requests for additional procedures were filed by El Paso Natural Gas Company, Northwest Pipeline Company, and Northwest Alaskan Pipeline Company. This order grants intervention to all movants.

II. Decision

The application filed by Premier has been evaluated to determine if the proposed import arrangement meets the public interest requirements of Section 3 of the NGA. Under Section 3, an import must be authorized unless there is a finding that it "will not be consistent with the public interest." 2/The Administrator is guided by the DOE's natural gas import policy guidelines.3/ Under these guidelines, the competitiveness of an import in the markets served is the primary consideration for meeting the public interest test.
Premier's proposed arrangement for importing gas, as set forth in the application, is consistent with the DOE policy guidelines. The import authorization sought, similar to other blanket arrangements approved by the ERA,4/ would provide Premier with blanket import approval, within prescribed limits, to negotiate and transact individual, short-term purchase arrangements without further regulatory action. The fact that each spot purchase will be voluntarily negotiated, short-term, and market-responsive, as asserted in Premier's application, provides assurance that the transactions will be competitive. Further, no party objected to the proposed import. Thus, this arrangement will enhance competition in the marketplace.

After taking into consideration all the information in the record of this proceeding, I find that granting Premier blanket authority to import 73 Bcf of natural gas during a term of two years is not inconsistent with the public interest.5/

ORDER

For the reasons set forth above, pursuant to Section 3 of the Natural Gas Act, it is ordered that:

A. Premier Enterprises, Inc. (Premier), is authorized to import up to 73 Bcf of natural gas during a two-year period, beginning on the date of first delivery.

B. This natural gas may be imported at any point on the international border where existing pipeline facilities are located.

C. Premier shall notify the ERA in writing of the date of first delivery of natural gas authorized in Ordering Paragraph A above within two weeks after deliveries begin.

D. With respect to the imports authorized by this Order, Premier shall file with the ERA within 30 days following each calendar quarter, quarterly reports indicating whether purchases of imported gas have been made, and if so, giving by month, the total volume of the imports in MMcf and the average purchase price per MMBtu at the international border. The reports shall also provide the details of each transaction, including the names of the seller(s), and the purchaser(s), including those other than Premier, estimated or actual duration of the agreement(s), transporter(s), points of entry, market(s) served, and, if applicable, the per unit (MMBtu) demand/commodity charge breakdown of the price, any special contract price adjustment clauses, and any take-or-pay or make-up provisions.
E. The motions to intervene, as set forth in this Opinion and Order, are hereby granted, provided that participation of the intervenors shall be limited to matters specifically set forth in their motions to intervene and not herein specifically denied, and that admission of such intervenors shall not be construed as recognition that they might be aggrieved because of any order issued in these proceedings.


--Footnotes--


4/ See e.g., Colony Natural Gas Corporation, 1 ERA Para. 70,766 (March 23, 1988); Dynasty Gas Marketing, Inc., 1 ERA Para. 70,764 (March 18, 1988); Entrade Corporation, 1 ERA Para. 70,761 (March 3, 1988); Bishop Pipeline Corporation, Inc., 1 ERA Para. 70,759 (February 24, 1988); Loutex Energy Inc., 1 ERA Para. 70,757 (February 11, 1988).

5/ Because the proposed importation of gas will use existing pipeline facilities, the DOE has determined that granting this application is clearly not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment within the meaning of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321, et seq.) and therefore an environmental impact statement or environmental assessment is not required.